experience in involving persons
with dementia and dementia family
caregivers as members of the
research team

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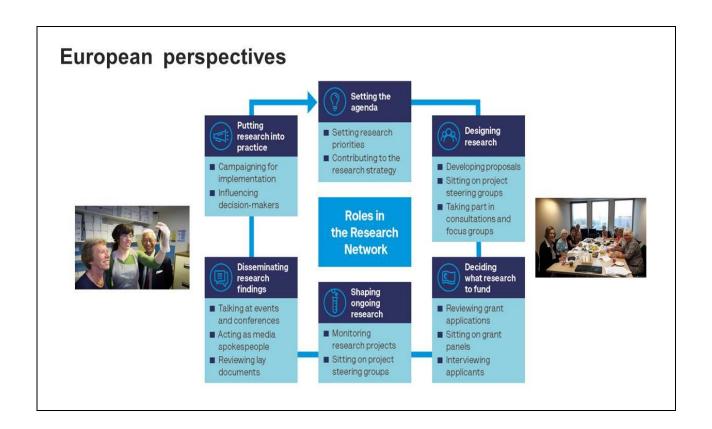
#DementiaCareSummit

Why should we involve people with dementia and caregivers?

- Because we should
- 2. Because it improves research



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People with dementia and caregivers 'Its my Sudoku'

- Learn about dementia to cope better with their own experience
- · contribute to something worthwhile
- · Use existing skills
- · Peer support and friendship



Researchers 'It takes me back to the point that we're engaging with society'

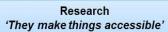
- · Motivation on the purpose of their research
- Focusing on impact
- · Developing lay communication skills
- Learning how and why to involve people affected by dementia

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Impact





- Changing methods to be more appropriate
- · Solving ethical and recruitment challenges
- · Impact on data collected
- · More likely to produce useful outputs





Society 'People are surprised by what I can contribute'

- Addressing stigma
- · Elevating the voice of people with dementia
- · Powerful dementia advocates
- Accountability and transparency of funding

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Recommendation 1

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Strengthen PPI in at all stages of the research process

- National portal for the public to submit research questions and ideas used for the development of commissioned calls.
- Funding made available for the establishment and maintenance of local, state and national PPI groups and networks, including self-run/ organised groups.
- Develop practices guide and materials such as guidance for ethics committees on including people affected by dementia as members of a study team.
- Research grant funding for the development of methodologically robust involvement practices
- Develop guidelines and processes for supporting involvement and participation of people affected by dementia in commercial clinical trials and research.

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Recommendation 2

Inclusiveness is a core theme, not an afterthought

- Financially reimburse people for participating in research that does not involve contracts or impact on tax and benefits
- Embed inclusive ways of working i.e. tailored approaches to communication, support and training
- Develop methods for increasing involvement of people in later stages or with profound communication problems.
- Consider the perspective of those that professionally care;

health care assistants, homecare workers etc, whose perspective is rarely heard.



Recommendations 3

Introduce 'nudges' that require and reward good practice

- Reporting on PPI in applications and project reports as routine
- Researchers include PPI involvement as part of journal articles or a separate papers
- Career incentives for including PPI prizes, recognition, funding
- Embedded in graduate training evolution of 'public communication' courses



GRIPP2 reporting checklists: tools to improve reporting of patient and public involvement in research

S Staniszewska, ¹ J Brett, ² I Simera, ³ K Seers, ¹ C Mockford, ⁴ S Goodlad, ⁵ D G Altman, ⁶ D Moher, ⁷ R Barber, ⁸ S Denegri, ⁹ A Entwistle, ⁴ P Littlejohns, ¹⁰ C Morris, ¹¹ R Suleman, ⁴ V Thomas, ¹² C Tysall ⁴

Recommendations 4

Share and develop international best practice

- Develop common terminology (international consensus?)
 - Language is important to people affected by dementia
- International network for connecting those interested in PPI working groups/ ISTAART? (National shared learning group on involvement in the UK)
- Regular sessions at international conferences

















Thank you!

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